



Environmental effects of a novel pre-treatment technology for maize stover as a biogas substrate

Case study of a 500-kW Austrian biogas facility

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Motivation



Input substrates in biogas production

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Maize Silage Scenario

Maize Stover Scenario

Including pretreatment

Uidl, 2013

Seilnacht, 2014

Steam Explosion

Pretreatment of biomass

- high temperature, saturated steam (140 -240 °C) for 5 20 min
- rapid pressure drop
- \rightarrow easily digestible input material for anaerobic digestion

and Life Sciences, Vienna

Biogas plant and CHP settings

- Main components: concrete, asphalt, crushed rocks, steel, iron
- Rated power of the CHP unit: 500 kW_{el}
- Electrical efficiency: 38%
- 50% off-heat usage

Bioferm, 2014

LCA model

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- Functional unit: 1 kWh electrical energy at the CHP unit
- Modelling software: Open LCA v.1.4
- Data: Primary data from CHP manufacturer; Secondary data from Ecoinvent 2.2 database and literature
- Uncertainty analysis: Monte Carlo simulations
- Impact assessment methods
 - ReCiPe midpoint and CED
 - 6 different impact categories

System diagram

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Slurry at

farm gate

Land

Maize stover

storage

Steam explosion

unit

Digester

CHP

Electricity

Biogas plant

Digestate

System boundary

Maize silage scenario

Maize stover scenario

Output: 3,735,000 kWh/a electricity and 1,994,490 kWh/a heat

Slurry at

farm gate

Land

Maize stover

storage

Steam explosion

unit

Digester

СНР

Electricity

Biogas plant

Digestate

System boundary

Maize silage scenario

Maize stover scenario

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Results

Global warming potential – 100yr time horizon

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Maize silage scenario

Maize stover scenario

Uidl, 2013

Seilnacht, 2014

GWP of contributing processes (both scenarios)

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Monte Carlo simulations (n=10,000)

Other impact categories

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Sensitivity analysis, selected cases

- Alternative electricity mix (green electricity): 244 g CO₂-eq/kWh_{el} (SIL); 196 g CO₂-eq/kWh_{el}
- ILCD Method: STO scenario hast less impact throughout all categories
- Best case version STO: Reduced mixing power due to a lower substrate viscosity - 231 g CO₂-eq/kWh_{el}
- Worst case version STO: assumes that the heating requirement for the SE unit is not covered by "free" off-heat from the CHP-unit - 266 g CO₂-eq/kWh_{el}

Original results:	287 g CO ₂ -eq/kWh _{el} (SIL)
	239 g CO ₂ -eq/kWh _{el} (STO)

Conclusions

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- Maize stover as a biogas substrate compares favorably to conventional maize silage for all of the studied environmental impacts
- The main contribution to GWP is methane in the CHP exhaust ("methane slip"), followed by substrate production (maize silage) and grid electricity for plant operations

Thank you for your attention

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